

ALD S/F Series Water Boosters

















Wide Product Range

Wide product and model range, can meet different requirements and conditions up to 10 bar pressure and Maximum 123 m³/h flow: 21 models for single pump, 21 models for twin pumps, 21 models for triple pumps, so there are totally 63 models.

Standard ALD Serial

Alarko Carrier rises quality standard level presented to its users by experiences for semi-century and developments and innovations on ALD water boosters. It presents economic and reliable solutions to keep the irrigation and process water on the requested level by special designed, compacted and reliable water boosters.

Frequency Controlled ALDF Serial

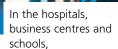
This serial was developed in order to provide maximum energy saving and comfort. ALDF water boosters have variable frequency driver (VDF) system which reduce pump cycle according to decreased flow and pressure requirement. Also they have unique, matchless protection and high efficiency by inverters.

ALDF water boosters have the following features;

- Economic by high efficient engines are electronic controlled,
- Matchless protected by increased safety systems,
- More esthetical by LCD control panel,
- More ergonomic by compact structure,
- User friendly software
- Complying with building automation systems (Optional)
- Time saving by simple installation
- More quiet
- Little expansion tank capacity.



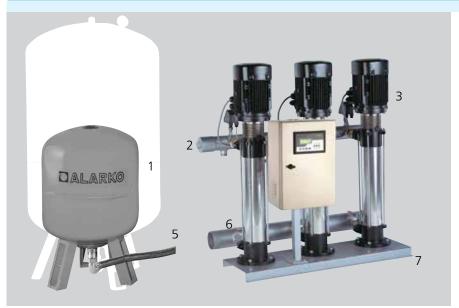
Villas, apartments, buildings



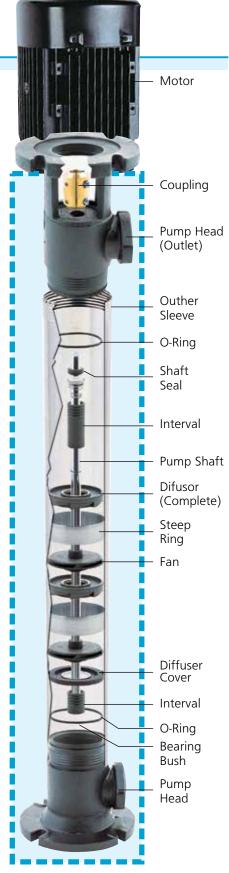
hotels, social facilities and holiday villages



Reliable High Technology



- **1. MEMBRANE TANK:** Stores pressurized water, decreases starts and stops of pumps. Prevents the fittings from shocks and vibrations. Hygenic and scentless. It is not included to standard water booster set, it is supplied optionally.
- **2. OUTLET COLLECTOR:** It is coated by galvanize. Check-valve on the pump outlet end prevents water given to installation with pressuring to turn back to pump. Also presostats and manometer are located on.
- **3. MOTOR:** Special design for for vertical operating conditions 3-380 V, 50 Hz.
- **4. CONTROL PANEL:** Developed, smart electronic control management system in Alarko water boosters with multi pumps. Remote control panel with turn on/off key and thermic protected contactor in the water boosters with unique pump.
- **5. FLEXIBLE HOSE:** It supplies water connection between pump group and membrane tank. Galvanize or plastic hose can be used. However, assembly of the flexible hose is very simple. It does not require special proficiency. It is supplied optionally.
- **6. INLET COLLECTOR:** There is a special valve on every pump inlet in the water boosters with twin or triple galvanize coated pumps. So, in case one of the motopumps break down, the other continues to supply water and the broken one can be removed to be fixed.
- **7. BASE:** It is coated by galvanize. It can be fixed onto base quickly. It prevents vibration and noise.
- **8. FLOAT SWITCH:** It prevents water booster to run after the water finishes in the tank. When tank is full, water booster keeps to run automatically.



PRESSURE SWITCH:

It make pumps run or stop as supplying pressure in the installation. There are presostats equals to pumps quantity. There are a presostat



in order to high pressure safety in ALDF serial. It is adjusted as performing sort control and as running pumps at the most efficient point.

PUMP MATERIAL:

High quality and proper for working under the variable conditions.

Pump Heads GG20 Outher Sleeve Rustpr

Outher Sleeve Rustproof, X2CrNi1911/X2CrNiMo17122
Pump Shaft Rustproof, X46Cr13
Diffuser 30 % fibreglass reinforce
Impeller 30 % fibreglass reinforce

Shaft Seal Ceramic/Carbon

Coupling Bronze

New Generation Smart Electronic Control Management



Electronic microprocessor control management system, which controls and arranges all operation functions of water booster with twin and triple pumps, supplies economic and safe usage. Control management system is collected in a compact interior and outer designed panel is delivered as assemblied onto water booster and as all connections are prepared.

Frequency Control Advantages

- High energy saving
- Lower starter current (In the pump connected to inverter)
- Lower water-hammer stroke risk with adjustable start and stop time
- Sensetive pressure measurement by pressure transmitter
- Quieter run
- Less volume membrane tank usage
- Less location requirement for installation
- High Safety and comfort
 - MIS: Motor Identification System
 - EASR: Equal Aging System by Rotation (On/Off pumps)
 - DCP: Digital Touchmatic Control Panel
 - AMS: Automatic Mod Shift (Shifting to manual mod while breakdown)
 - HPPS: High Pressure Protection System (At high pressure increases)
 - Pmin: System Blockage at high pressure decreases Protection of instant pressure decrease because of blocking in suction or explosion in force)

Waterless Running Protection:

Water level in the feed booster tank is always checked by water level relay and level electrode. If there is not water in the tank, electronic management system prevent pumps.

Motor Phase Protection:

Electronic Management System prevent engine is remained to only two phase while starting and running. If phase cuts, it stops the engine.

Operator Panel Protection: In 24 V AC entrance, 2A glass fuse,3,2 V Ni-Cd pil It provides the information during the power cut be saved.

Microprocessor Display Card

False Pressure Signal Protection:

Electronic management system prevents pump instant movements because of water waves.

Extensive Current Control:

Electronic management system cut the power, when motor absorbe extensive power and it protect engine from burning.

Phase Sequence Control:

Electronic management system controls whether if phase connections are in a correct sequence or not. Also it prevents pumps turn down at the start.

Sequential Automatic Working:

Electronic management system provides pump activation as water flow and facility pressure are constant and pump sequence deactivation while using decreases.

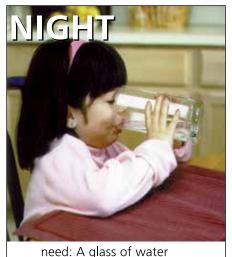
- The pump is activated firstly changes at every usage.
- Thus, engine and pumps using time get equal.

1. LCD Display: Some information such as water booster present run mode (manual(automatic), total run time of every pump, run and stopped pumps, defects and types (turning down, extensive current, waterless working) can be reached.



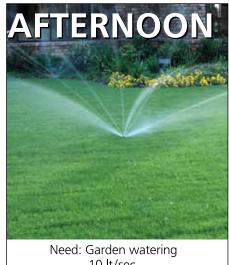
- 2. Button for shifting to Manual Mode / exit window button and LED
- 3. Button for shifting to automatic mode and LED
- 4. Changing of Parameter values
- 5. Entering to parameter screen and movement on parameter screen entrance and exit
- 6. Manual pump run buttons
- 7. LEDs, show pump running
- 8. Warning LEDs for broken pump.

Panel quantity is changed due to pump number. Above panel is belong to water booster with triple pumps.



0,1 lt/sec.



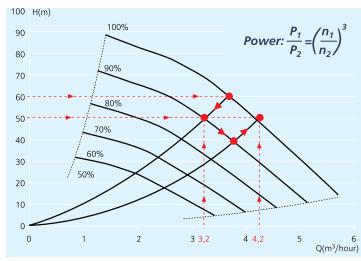


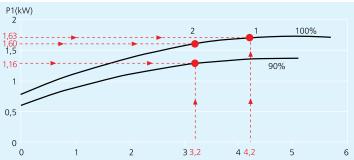
1 lt/sec.

10 lt/sec.

System whose capacity is the most flexible due to the need in the pump systems is water booster system. In the same system, demand change for 0,1 lt/sec-10 lt/sec can be occurred.

Curve Change in the Pump, Whose Revolutions Per Minute Changed





- Pump revolution reduces according to decreased flow and pressure need.
- Because of less power need, less power consumption than power supply's need is occurred.
- By reducing of pump entrance power, very big energy saving is obtained. For example, when pump revolution per minute reduces 10%, energy saving for 27% can be obtained.

Water boosters run at lower capacity level than maximum capacity level. As seen on the following table, water boosters run with 50% capacity of 84% life period. Fort his reason, dramatic energy saving is obtained with frequency inverter usage.

Obtained energy saving by using inverter in standard water booster.

Q	Hm	F	Annual Usage Ratio	Inlet Power (kW)		Diff.	Electrical Saving
(lt/sec.)	(mWc)	(Hz)	(%)	Standard	F. Inverter	(kW)	(kwh / year)
1.5			7	1.68	1.68	0	0
1.125			9	1.68	0.86	0.82	646
0.75	29	50	33	1.53	0.69	0.84	2.428
0.375			51	1.23	0.44	0.79	3.529
				Total Annual Energy Saving			6.604

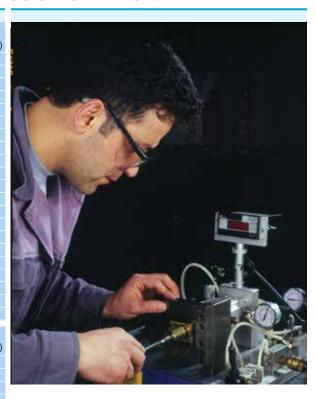
Technical Specifications

Motor Power Water Inlet/Exit M.T. Connection TRIPLE PUMP Weight TYPES (inch)* (HP) ALD (kg) ALDF (kg) ALDM (kg) 403/10-1 1"-1" 45 37 36 1" 403/15-1 1,5 1"-1" 40 49 38 42 403/16-1 2 1"-1" 1" 44 52 1" 1"-1" 406/11-1 2 42 50 406/15-1 1"-1" 1" 3 50 59 1" 406/18-1 1"-1" 66 57 408/10-1 3 1 1/2"-1 1/2" 1 1/2" 40 49 408/14-1 1 1/2"-1 1/2" 1 1/2" 50 59 4 408/17-1 5,5 1 1/2"-1 1/2" 1 1/2" 65 74 101 610/8-1 1 1/2"-1 1/2" 1 1/2" 92 1 1/2"-1 1/2" 1 1/2" 103 610/10-1 5.5 112 610/12-1 7,5 1 1/2"-1 1/2" 1 1/2" 122 111 1 1/2"-1 1/2" 110 615/7-1 5,5 1 1/2" 101 615/9-1 7,5 1 1/2"-1 1/2" 1 1/2" 109 120 1 1/2"-1 1/2" 615/10-1 10 1 1/2" 116 126 2"-2" 107 118 620/7-1 7.5 2" 620/8-1 10 2"-2" 2" 114 124 620/9-1 10 2"-2" 2" 115 125 2" 631/6-1 15 2"-2" 135 150 631/7-1 15 2"-2" 2" 136 151 631/8-1 2" 15 2"-2" 137 152

TRIPLE PUMP	Motor Power	Water Inlet/Exit	M.T. Connection		Weight	
TYPES	(HP)	(inch)*	(inch)**	ALD (kg)	ALDF (kg)	ALDM (kg)
403/10-2	1	2"-1 1/2"	1"	87	89	85
403/15-2	1,5	2"-1 1/2"	1"	92	94	89
403/16-2	2	2"-1 1/2"	1"	97	99	93
406/11-2	2	2"-1 1/2"	1"	81	83	-
406/15-2	3	2"-1 1/2"	1"	102	105	-
406/18-2	4	2"-1 1/2"	1"	110	113	-
408/10-2	3	2 1/2"-2"	1 1/2"	70	73	-
408/14-2	4	2 1/2"-2"	1 1/2"	79	82	-
408/17-2	5,5	2 1/2"-2"	1 1/2"	100	103	-
610/8-2	4	3"-2 1/2"	1 1/2"	127	130	-
610/10-2	5,5	3"-2 1/2"	1 1/2"	149	152	-
610/12-2	7,5	3"-2 1/2"	1 1/2"	163	169	-
615/7-2	5,5	3"-2 1/2"	1 1/2"	147	150	-
615/9-2	7,5	3"-2 1/2"	1 1/2"	161	167	-
615/10-2	10	3"-2 1/2"	1 1/2"	174	180	-
620/7-2	7,5	4"-3"	2"	167	173	-
620/8-2	10	4"-3"	2"	175	181	-
620/9-2	10	4"-3"	2"	177	183	-
631/6-2	15	4"-3"	2"	217	228	-
631/7-2	15	4"-3"	2"	219	230	-
631/8-2	15	4"-3"	2"	221	232	-

TRIPLE PUMP	Motor Power	Water Inlet/Exit	M.T. Connection		Weight	
TYPES	(HP)	(inch)*	(inch)**	ALD (kg)	ALDF (kg)	ALDM (kg)
403/10-3	1	2 1/2"-2"	1"	102	104	98
403/15-3	1,5	2 1/2"-2"	1"	127	129	122
403/16-3	2	2 1/2"-2"	1"	113	115	107
406/11-3	2	2 1/2"-2"	1"	162	107	-
406/15-3	3	2 1/2"-2"	1"	170	169	-
406/18-3	4	2 1/2"-2"	1"	105	177	-
408/10-3	3	3"-2 1/2"	1 1/2"	100	107	-
408/14-3	4	3"-2 1/2"	1 1/2"	108	115	-
408/17-3	5,5	3"-2 1/2"	1 1/2"	135	142	-
610/8-3	4	4"-3"	1 1/2"	162	169	-
610/10-3	5,5	4"-3"	1 1/2"	195	202	-
610/12-3	7,5	4"-3"	1 1/2"	215	221	-
615/7-3	5,5	4"-3"	1 1/2"	193	200	-
615/9-3	7,5	4"-3"	1 1/2"	213	219	-
615/10-3	10	4"-3"	1 1/2"	232	238	-
620/7-3	7,5	5"-4"	2"	227	233	-
620/8-3	10	5"-4"	2"	236	242	-
620/9-3	10	5"-4"	2"	239	245	-
631/6-3	15	5"-4"	2"	299	310	-
631/7-3	15	5"-4"	2"	302	313	-
631/8-3	15	5"-4"	2"	305	316	-

Selection Criteria



- While water booster is defined, selection should be performed as run interval is matched with the top point of efficiency curve.
- Water booster with twin or triple pump can be used instead of water booster with unique pump In this case, No pressure waving, is created because a big pump entering and existing to circuit, is occurred and demurrage current reduces. For example, instead of unique water booster with 15 m³/h flow, water booster with twin pumps (one of them has 7,5 m³/h flow) or water booster with triple pumps (one of them has 5 m³/h flow) can be selected.
- If conditions are proper, water boosters with multi pumps can run like a spare water booster. For this reason, even a pump deactivates, other pumps can give the required flow. For example, if need for flow is 10 m³/h, a water booster has twin pumps (every pump has 10 m³/h) or a water booster has triple pumps (every pump has 5 m³/h) can be selected.

Note: Pipe diameters are given due to galvanize pipes. Interior diameter of the plastic pipes are thinner than galvanize pipe's diameter. If plastic pipe is used, dimension, which meets interior diameter of galvanize pipe, should be used.

^(*) Water enter and water exit diameters are equal on the pump. But, induction installation should be pushed for one size bigger than the present size. For example, if inlet is 2", induction installation will be like 2.5"

^(**) MT Membrane pressure balance tank.

Selection Method

For water booster selection, required pressure (Hm) and requiered flow (Q) values should be known. Determining of Hm and Q:

Required Pressure = Hmin (mWc) =
$$h + \Delta h + 15$$

h - Height between location of hydrophpre and top of usage floor (meter)

 Δh - Pressure loss because of calcic pipe, water meter, armature in the installation. Δh is accepted as %20 of (h).

 $\Delta h = 0.2h$

15 - Determined value from required pressure at the highest usage level. For example: 1,5 m is for 1,5 bar. If requestes pressure is changes, this value also changes.

Required Flow = $Q (m^3/hour) = Number of people, who use water x Personal Daily Consumption x F/1000$

Number of people, who use water:

- In apartment blocks = apartment quantity x Number of people live in evey apartment.
- In hotels, barracks, hospitals = bed quantity
- In school and creches = number of student
- Business centre= total staff number

Personal Daily Consumption (lt/day) value is selected by Table 1. F- Simultaneous Usage Coefficient, it shows the possibility of maximum water using at the same time. It is selected from Table 2.

Table 1: Individual	Water Consumption
for Sample Locatio	ns

Location Type	e	Daily Personal Consumption (lt/person)		
	With washbasin	60-80		
In the housing	Shower	80-115		
	With vessel	120-200		
Hotel	Shower	100		
Tiolei	With vessel	150-200		
Hospital		200-500		
School		5		
Pre - School		80-100		
Creche		100-150		
Barracks		60-80		
Restaurant		10-20		
Gardening		1,5 lt/m ² for one time		
Car washing		100 lt/day		

Table 2: Synchronization Coefficient for Individual Water Consumption

Location Type	Coefficient	
	1-5 apartments	0,66
	6-10 apartments	0,45
Houses	11-20 apartments	0,40
1100363	21-50 apartments	0,35
	51-100 apartments	0,30
	More than 100 apartments	0,25
	1-20 beds	0,40
Hotels	21-50 beds	0,40-0,30
	More than 50 beds	0,30-0,20
	50-500 beds	0,30-0,20
Hospitals	501-1000 beds	0,20-0,15
	1001-2000 beds	0,15-0,10
Schools	0,30	
Pre-School	0,40	
Barracks	0,40-0,30	
Business Centre	0,30	

Selection Sample 1:

Water booster selection for a building has 7 floors and 21 apartments. Calculating of the required pressure.

 $h = (7 \text{ floors} + 1 \text{ floor cellar}) \times 2.8 \text{ m (one floor height)} - 22.4 \text{ m}$ $\Delta h = 0.2 \times h = 0.2 \times 22.4 \text{ meter} = 4.48 \text{ meter}.$

Required Min. Pressure = Hmin = 22,4 + 4,48 +15 = 41,88 mWc= 4,1 bar.

Apartment Quantity

Personal Daily Consumption = 100 lt/day (It was selected from Table 1).

F - Synchronization Coefficient = 0,35 ((It was selected from Table 2)

Required Flow = Q =
$$21x5x100x0,35/1000$$

= $3,6 \text{ m}^3/\text{hour}$

(While determining flow, it was assumed that 5 people lives in every apartment.) Booster Selection:

According to upper calculation, pressure interval 40-50 meters or 40-70 meters so 403/10-1 or 403/15-1 models, which can give average $3.5 \,\mathrm{m}^3/\mathrm{h}$ for the current pressure interval, can be selected.

Selection Sample 2:

Water booster selection for an hotel has 9 floors and 30 rooms. Calculating of the required pressure.

h = (9 floors+1 floor cellar) x 2,8 m (one flor height) = 28 m Δ h = 0,2 x h = 0,2 x 28 meters = 5,6 meters.

Required Min. Pressure = Hmin =
$$28 + 5,6 +15$$

= $48,6 \text{ mWc} \approx 50 \text{ mWc} = 5 \text{ bar}.$

Personal Daily Consumption = 150 lt/day (It was selected from Table 1). F - Synchronization Coefficient = 0.3 ((It was selected from Table 2).

$$= Q = 270 \text{ rooms } x \text{ 2 beds } x \text{ 150 } x \text{ 0,3 } / 1000$$

Required Flow = 24,3 m³/hour

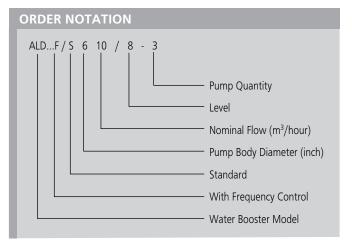
(While determining flow, it was assumed that two beds are for every room)

Water Booster Selection:

According to upper calculation, pressure interval 50-70 meters or 50 - 80 meters, 631/7-1 or 408/14-3 (For 50 - 70 interval), 610/10-2 (For 50 - 80 interval) which can give average 24,3 m $^3/h$.

SIMPLE AND QUICK SELECTION BY INTERNET

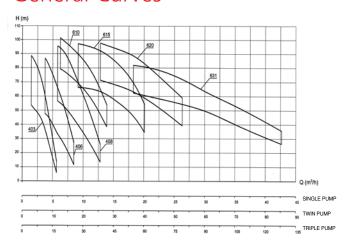
Water booster can be selected quickly by selection program in www.alarko-carrier.com.tr Price can be informed. Quotation form can be prepared

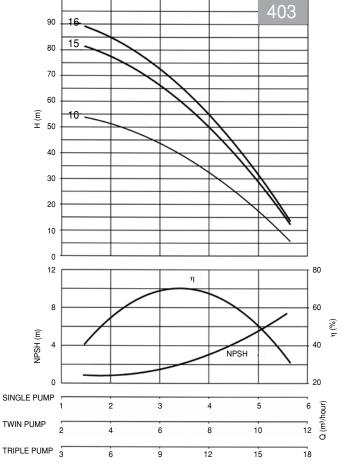


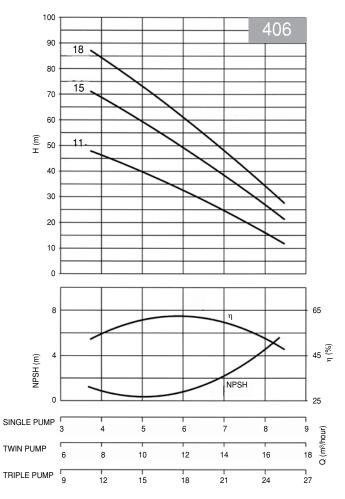
Pump Curves of ALD 400 Serial

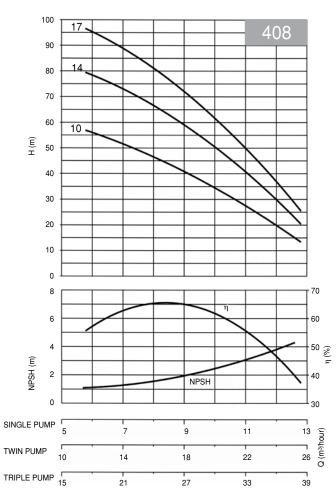


General Curves

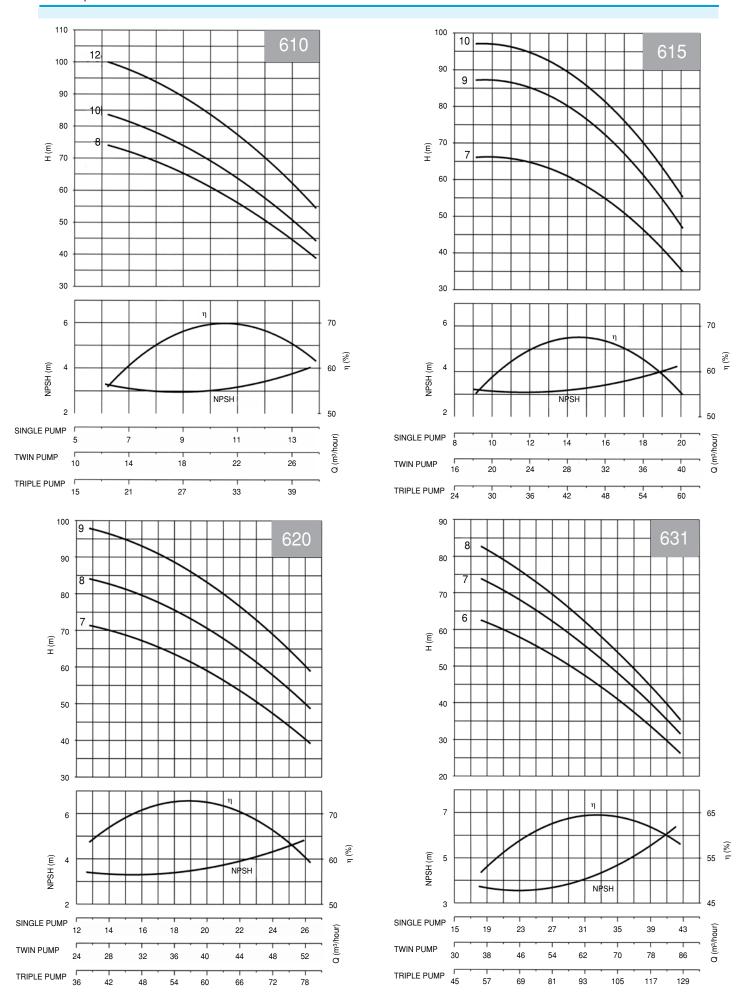




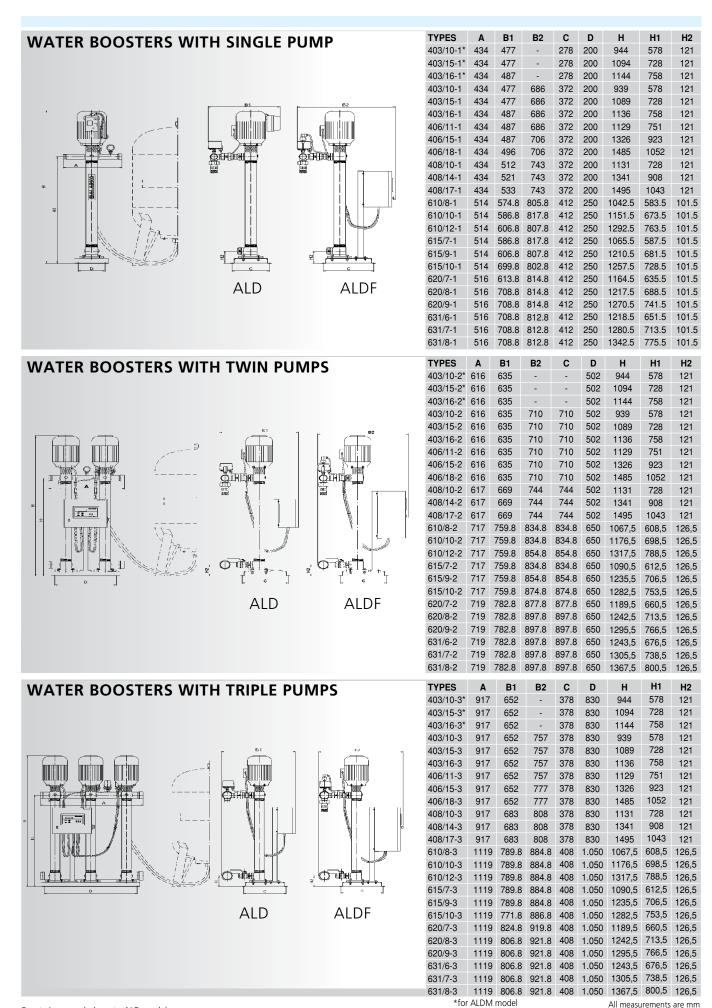




Pump Curves of ALD 600 Serial



Dimensions



Membrane Pressure Balance Tank and Selection

It should absolutely be used with water booster.

- Because of stocking pressured water, reduces pump's inlet-outlet frequency to the circuit.
- It absorbes possible pressure shocks in the installation.
- It is not included to water booster set.
- There is manometer on the tanks has 100 lt and more volume
- Water pressure can be observed via manometer, while water booster runs.
- If water in the tank is discharged, manometer shows pressure of air in the tank.
- Tank's operation pressure should be equal with or more than pump's closed valve



TANK SELECTION

Tank volume is determined by the following formula:

$$V_{tank} = 0.33 \times Q_{max} \times \frac{(P_{max} + 1)}{\Delta P \times a}$$

Qmax- Max flow, pump can give to system. or required pik flow for use area (lt/h)

P_{max} - Max pressure in the system (bar). It is enough that pressure is more than 2-3 bars than min pressure on the housing practises.

 P_{min} - Min pressure in the system (bar). If the value is not known, it is calculated by Formula.

 ΔP - Pressure difference (Pmax - Pmin).

 a - Max start-stop quantity of pump motor is allowed per 1 hour (shift) (quantity - hour) This number (max) for motor up to 1,1 kW, in Ministry of Public Works "1999 Unit Price and Tarriffs" nook 180 times/hours. For motors more than 1,1kW 40 times/h are given.)

Vtank is min. tank volume. Tank has more volume than this value can be used.

While tank volume enlarges, pressure waves and activation noise of water booster become less. Motor's life period is extended. Energy consumption is reduced. Smaller tank can be selected for industrial applications where water consumption flow is more standard according to social using.

Selection Sample:

Determination of membrane tank volume ans pressure is required for building has 7 floors and 21 apartments:

Qmax = 3.600 lt/hour (Look at Water Booster Selection, Sample 1)

 $P_{max} = 6 bar$

 ΔP = 2 veya 3 can be assumed. Let us assume 2 bar.

a = 40

V_{tank} = 0,33 x 3.600 x $\frac{(6+1)}{(2x40)}$ = 103,9 lt.

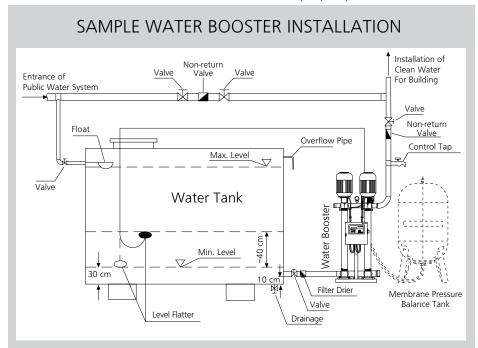
100 It tank can be selected. For ALDF tank selection, found tank capacity by the above calculation should be multiple with 0,1.

RIGHT ASSEMBLY

- Suction from the low level must not be performed. Tank should be near to water booster and be at the same level. Water booster must not be connected to public water system directly.
- Pumps must not be forced while water induction. For this reason, water booster induction diameter must never shrank.
- Pump should be bigger for one size than water entrance value in water boosters with unique pump. Induction installation

should be structured as suction collector's diameter in water boosters with triple pumps.

- Interior diameter of the plastic pipes are thinner than galvanize pipe's diameter. If plastic pipe is used, dimension, which meets interior diameter of galvanize pipe, should be used.
- Water booster's base should be fixed onto ground. (If it is possible, onto rubber blocks) Installation load must not be carried by water booster.





ALARKO CARRIER GEBZE COMPLEX - ACGC

ACKG has covered area for 36.800 m² and totally 60.500m² in Gebze Organized Industry Site. Construction was started to built on July 1st 1999 and it was finished on November 1st 2000. In the Main Production Facility of Alarko Carrier, renewed its production technology and modernized its organization, has ISO 9001 certification. In tihs facility, air conditioning unit, burner, fan, coil, hydrophore, submersible and circulation pump, cooling group, cooling tower, central heating boiler, air equipment, central heating radiator. On the other hand, in Dudullu Organized Industry Site, Radiator Production Facility, has covered area for 9.250 m² and totally 18.000 m², produces panel radiator. 650 employees work in production facility and 324 employees work in management, sales and marketing departmants, and 22 employees work in R&D department. 996 employees work in Alarko Carrier totally.



Note: Right for any change because of technological developments is reserved.





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